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CHAPEL HILL

The seat of one of the Nation's first State Universities, the University of North Carolina was chartered in 1776 by Halifax Convention and further promoted by General W. R. Davie, "Father of the University" in the 1789 General Assembly. It is rated among the best universities in the Country. The village of Chapel Hill grew with the new Institution.

DURHAM

Durham was founded in 1851 in the greatest tobacco growing area in the world. A universal demand for tobacco, coupled with the business genius of the Duke Family, gave rise to the town's industrial life and the endowment of Duke University. Location of Duke Medical Center, State Spastic Hospital and a 500-bed Veterans Administration Hospital.

RALEIGH

The Capital of North Carolina was laid off in 1792 by William Christmas near the geographical center of the State and named after Sir Walter Raleigh. Raleigh has long been an educational center, being the home of six colleges and also within a radius of thirty miles are Duke University, University of North Carolina and Wake Forest College.
1. **PLAYMAKERS THEATRE**. University Campus—Designed by Alexander Jackson Davis as a library and also as a ballroom. Constructed in 1851 and later remodeled in 1934. Now used as the Playmakers Theatre. Considered one of the finest examples of American Classic Revival in this area.

2. **OLD EAST DORMITORY**, University Campus—Center section built in 1793. Designed by James Patterson, Architect. The right section was added in 1824 and the left section in 1848, designed by Alexander Jackson Davis. Interior remodeled in 1924. Design is of restrained classic revival.

3. **PERSON HALL**, University Campus—First Chapel of the University. Left wing started in 1793 and finished in 1797. Designed by Samuel Hopkins. Center wing added in 1836 and the right wing in 1851. Entire building remodeled in 1934 to house the Art Department Museum.

4. **THE MOREHEAD PLANETARIUM**, 2nd Block East Franklin—Gift of Engineer-Industrialist John Motley Morehead, houses the Zeiss Planetarium Instrument in its 60 foot hemispherical steel dome, exhibits in astronomy and allied sciences, and art exhibits in the galleries and in the Memorial Rotunda.


7. **UNIVERSITY METHODIST CHURCH**, Franklin Street—The third edifice of the Methodists in Chapel Hill. First congregation organized in 1843, present church building erected 1920.


9. **MEDICAL CENTER**, South of Main Campus—Consists of the Schools of Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Public Health, and Nursing, and the North Carolina Memorial Hospital. Established in 1941 by means of $14,000,000 state appropriation. The hospital including Psychiatric and Tuberculosis Units was opened in 1930. 600-bed capacity with facilities for 100,000 outpatient visits per year. Arch: Memorial Hospital—Preliminary, Schmidt, Garden & Erikson, Working Drawings and Supervision, Northrup & O'Brien, Psychiatric Wing—H. Raymond Weeks, Tuberculosis Unit—F. Carter Williams.

10. **JULIAN RESIDENCE**—House designed around dormitory-type children's wing with private quarters for parents. Arch: George Matsumoto.


12. **WOUSACK RESIDENCE**—An eight-room residence designed to take advantage of the site and the view. Arch: Edward Waugh Associates.


14. **GERRARD HALL**, Built in 1822—served for many years as a Chapel, now used to accommodate small audiences and religious groups.

15. **SOUTH (MAIN) BUILDING**—Modeled after Princeton's Nassau Hall. In 1768 cornerstone laid, and walls for story and half building erected. Completed 1814, Remodeled 1896.
1. DUKE UNIVERSITY. West Campus—Springing from a community school founded by Methodists and Quakers. In 1839 name changed to Trinity College and the institution became Methodist Sectarian. College moved to Durham in 1892 where it established on present east campus. In 1924 Duke Endowment Fund established by James B. Duke and the name changed in his honor. Since then the University has been non-sectarian except in the School of Religion. The professional schools of Law, Religion, and Medicine overshadow all other features of the institution.

2. DUKE CHAPEL. University Campus—The tower, 38 ft. sq. at base rises to a height of 210 feet. Similar in composition to the Bell Tower of Canterbury Cathedral. Contains carillon of 50 bells. Cruciform Chapel seats 2,000.

3. AUDITORIUM, East Campus (Woman's College)—Forming focal point of quadrangle for buildings on East Campus. Rotunda of Auditorium flanked by Library and Student Union.

4. SARA P. DUKE GARDENS, University Campus—Contains 50,000 iris of more than 500 varieties; 100,000 daffodils of almost 300 varieties; 20,000 tulips of nearly 100 varieties; 500 Japanese Cherry Trees; and thousands of other plants, shrubs, and trees.

5. VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION HOSPITAL—500 beds opened in 1933 at a cost of $8,000,000. Arch: George Watts Carr and J. N. Pease Co.


9. SOUTHERN HIGH SCHOOL. Ellis Road—A new high school of reinforced concrete and brick. Expected to be ready for occupancy this fall. In addition to gymnasium, Library, Cafeteria, Science Rooms, and Academic Classrooms, the School provides completely furnished agricultural and industrial art work shops. Arch: Archie R. Davis.

10. BOYCE RESIDENCE. 1200 Dwire Place—Home for University Professor and his wife. Wooded, hillside lot. Arch: Lawrence A. Enersen.

11. CLUB BOULEVARD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL. Club Boulevard—A new elementary school providing complete educational facilities. Arch: Marion A. Ham.


13. WASHINGTON-DUKE HOTEL, Corner Orange and Chapel Hill Sts.—Regional Conference Headquarters.

14. ARMORY, Corner Foster and Morgan streets—Conference meetings and exhibits.

15. HILL RESIDENCE, Hill Street—House employing post and beam construction with patio living. Arch: James M. Webb.

16. HANDLER RESIDENCE, Perkins Road—Contemporary split level house designed to take advantage of sloping lot. Arch: James M. Webb.

17. AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, Corner Pettigrew and Blackwell Streets—Mfrs. Lucky Strike, Pall Mall, Herbert Tareyton, and some 15 other brands of cigarettes. Plant mfrs. approx. 20 million cigarettes per hour.

18. HOPE VALLEY COUNTRY CLUB, located five miles southwest of Durham on Hope Valley Road. Private Country Club.


20. DUKE HOSPITAL. University Campus—University's 600-bed teaching hospital, providing post-doctoral and ancillary training programs. Hospital admits some 17,000 patients per year.

21. ERWIN MILLS, INC., Between 9th and 14th Streets—Mulberry Street to Hillbish Road—Manufacture wide sheetings, sheeting, pillow cases. Organized 1892. It has become one of the largest concerns in the State.


23. ALLIED ARTS CENTER, 806 South Duke Street—Once the sumptuous Victorian home of tobacco manufacturer George Watts, now the headquarters of the Allied Arts of Durham, Inc. Arch: Rand, Taylor, Kendall & Stevens.
